

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

***N'*-(2-Methoxynaphthalen-1-yl)methylidene]-4-methylbenzohydrazide**

Xu-Feng Meng, Dong-Yue Wang and Jing-Jun Ma*

Hebei Key Laboratory of Bioinorganic Chemistry, College of Sciences, Agricultural University of Hebei, Baoding 071001, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: majingjun71@yahoo.cn

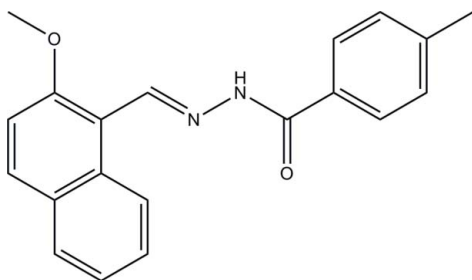
Received 24 October 2011; accepted 24 October 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$, the mean planes of the naphthyl system and the benzene ring form a dihedral angle of 88.48 (10)°. In the crystal, $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into $C(4)$ chains, which propagate along the b -axis direction.

Related literature

For the biological activity of benzohydrazide compounds, see: El-Sayed *et al.* (2011); Horiuchi *et al.* (2009). For coordination compounds of benzohydrazide compounds, see: El-Dissouky *et al.* (2010); Zhang *et al.* (2010). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the crystal structures of similar compounds, see: Suleiman Gwaram *et al.* (2010); Liu *et al.* (2011); Zhou *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ $M_r = 318.36$ Orthorhombic, $Pna2_1$ $a = 26.738$ (3) Å $b = 4.893$ (2) Å $c = 12.735$ (2) Å $V = 1666.1$ (8) Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1K CCD diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

 $T_{\min} = 0.984$, $T_{\max} = 0.985$

12400 measured reflections

3622 independent reflections

2579 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.047$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$ $wR(F^2) = 0.100$ $S = 1.03$

3622 reflections

222 parameters

2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.15$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.91 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.882 (2)	168 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

This project was sponsored by the Natural Development Foundation of Hebei Province (B2011204051), the Development Foundation of the Department of Education of Hebei Province (2010137) and the Research Development Foundation of the Agricultural University of Hebei.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6475).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orphen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Bruker (2007). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- El-Dissouky, A., Al-Fulajj, O., Awad, M. K. & Rizk, S. (2010). *J. Coord. Chem.* **63**, 330–345.
- El-Sayed, M. A. A., Abdel-Aziz, N. I., Abdel-Aziz, A. A. M., El-Azab, A. S., Asiri, Y. A. & ElTahir, K. E. H. (2011). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **19**, 3416–3424.
- Horiuchi, T., Nagata, M., Kitagawa, M., Akahane, K. & Uoto, K. (2009). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **17**, 7850–7860.
- Liu, W.-H., Song, S.-J. & Ma, J.-J. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2198.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Suleiman Gwaram, N., Khaledi, H., Mohd Ali, H., Robinson, W. T. & Abdulla, M. A. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o721.
- Zhang, S.-P., Wei, Y. & Shao, S.-C. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, m1635.
- Zhou, X., Gao, S.-T. & Ma, J.-J. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2275.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3109 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811044291]

N'-(2-Methoxynaphthalen-1-yl)methylidene]-4-methylbenzohydrazide

X.-F. Meng, D.-Y. Wang and J.-J. Ma

Comment

Benzohydrazide compounds are well known for their biological activities (El-Sayed *et al.*, 2011; Horiuchi *et al.*, 2009). In addition, benzohydrazide compounds have also been used as versatile ligands in coordination chemistry (El-Dissouky *et al.*, 2010, Zhang *et al.*, 2010). As a contribution to a structural study on hydrazone compounds, we present here the crystal structure of the title compound, that was obtained as the product of the reaction of 2-methoxy-1-naphthaldehyde with 4-methylbenzohydrazide in methanol.

In the title compound, Fig. 1, the mean planes of the naphthyl ring and the benzene ring form a dihedral angle of 91.5 (3)°. The bond distances and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987), and agree well with the corresponding bond distances and angles reported in closely related compounds (Suleiman Gwaram *et al.*, 2010; Liu *et al.*, 2011; Zhou *et al.*, 2011).

In the crystal, intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules to form chains which propagate along the *b* axis direction (Fig. 2).

Experimental

To a methanol solution (20 ml) of 5-bromosalicylaldehyde (0.1 mmol, 20.1 mg) and 4-nitrobenzohydrazide (0.1 mmol, 18.1 mg), a few drops of acetic acid were added. The mixture was refluxed for 1 h and then cooled to room temperature. The white crystalline solid was collected by filtration, washed with cold methanol and dried in air. Colourless blocks were obtained by slow evaporation of a methanol solution of the product in air.

Refinement

The NH H-atom was located in a difference Fourier map and was refined with a distance restraint, N—H = 0.90 (1) Å, and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 0.08 \text{ \AA}^2$. The OH and C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model: O—H = 0.82 Å, C—H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å, for CH and CH₃ H-atoms, respectively, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = k \times U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O,C})$ where $k = 1.5$ for OH and CH₃ H-atoms and $k = 1.2$ for all other H-atoms.

Figures

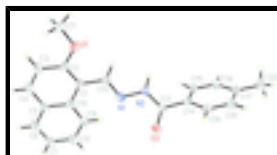


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

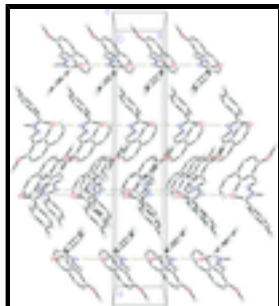


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, showing the N—H...O hydrogen-bonds (dashed lines) forming the chains propagating in the *b* axis direction. H-atoms not involved in the hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

N'-[(2-Methoxynaphthalen-1-yl)methylidene]-4-methylbenzohydrazide

Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{18}N_2O_2$	$F(000) = 672$
$M_r = 318.36$	$D_x = 1.269 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pna</i> 2 ₁	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: P 2c -2n	Cell parameters from 3061 reflections
$a = 26.738 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.7\text{--}24.6^\circ$
$b = 4.893 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 12.735 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$V = 1666.1 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colorless
$Z = 4$	$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1K CCD diffractometer	3622 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2579 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.047$
ω scan	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -32 \rightarrow 34$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.984$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.985$	$k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
12400 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.100$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.03$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0424P)^2 + 0.1245P]$
3622 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

222 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

2 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.39864 (7)	0.4057 (4)	0.22466 (14)	0.0406 (4)
N2	0.37614 (7)	0.3174 (3)	0.31743 (15)	0.0377 (4)
O1	0.50261 (6)	-0.0340 (4)	0.11479 (13)	0.0550 (4)
O2	0.37197 (6)	0.7513 (3)	0.37919 (14)	0.0479 (4)
C1	0.44133 (8)	0.2834 (5)	0.06656 (17)	0.0389 (5)
C2	0.48465 (9)	0.1447 (5)	0.04022 (17)	0.0428 (6)
C3	0.50956 (9)	0.1928 (6)	-0.05568 (19)	0.0531 (7)
H3	0.5383	0.0953	-0.0726	0.064*
C4	0.49103 (10)	0.3836 (5)	-0.1231 (2)	0.0553 (7)
H4	0.5080	0.4173	-0.1856	0.066*
C5	0.44714 (10)	0.5312 (5)	-0.10157 (17)	0.0470 (6)
C6	0.42831 (12)	0.7288 (6)	-0.1722 (2)	0.0628 (8)
H6	0.4459	0.7662	-0.2335	0.075*
C7	0.38510 (12)	0.8652 (6)	-0.1524 (2)	0.0654 (8)
H7	0.3734	0.9951	-0.1997	0.079*
C8	0.35832 (11)	0.8088 (6)	-0.0604 (2)	0.0638 (7)
H8	0.3284	0.8996	-0.0475	0.077*
C9	0.37556 (10)	0.6224 (5)	0.01051 (19)	0.0519 (6)
H9	0.3571	0.5889	0.0710	0.062*
C10	0.42106 (9)	0.4781 (5)	-0.00566 (17)	0.0406 (5)
C11	0.54715 (10)	-0.1814 (5)	0.0936 (2)	0.0588 (7)
H11A	0.5419	-0.2991	0.0342	0.088*
H11B	0.5559	-0.2895	0.1537	0.088*
H11C	0.5737	-0.0555	0.0783	0.088*
C12	0.41801 (8)	0.2176 (5)	0.16793 (16)	0.0392 (5)
H12	0.4173	0.0374	0.1911	0.047*
C13	0.36194 (8)	0.5068 (4)	0.38880 (16)	0.0353 (5)
C14	0.33277 (8)	0.4017 (4)	0.47974 (16)	0.0339 (5)
C15	0.29756 (8)	0.1938 (5)	0.46903 (18)	0.0431 (6)
H15	0.2927	0.1121	0.4039	0.052*

supplementary materials

C16	0.26982 (9)	0.1080 (5)	0.5540 (2)	0.0520 (7)
H16	0.2461	-0.0289	0.5448	0.062*
C17	0.27637 (10)	0.2201 (5)	0.6521 (2)	0.0533 (6)
C18	0.31194 (10)	0.4258 (5)	0.6632 (2)	0.0564 (7)
H18	0.3174	0.5029	0.7289	0.068*
C19	0.33931 (9)	0.5176 (5)	0.57820 (17)	0.0471 (6)
H19	0.3623	0.6583	0.5871	0.056*
C20	0.24619 (14)	0.1207 (8)	0.7453 (3)	0.0932 (12)
H20A	0.2142	0.2093	0.7456	0.140*
H20B	0.2637	0.1632	0.8090	0.140*
H20C	0.2416	-0.0735	0.7402	0.140*
H2	0.3739 (14)	0.134 (2)	0.327 (4)	0.140*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0471 (11)	0.0428 (11)	0.0319 (9)	-0.0044 (9)	0.0060 (9)	0.0064 (9)
N2	0.0451 (10)	0.0348 (10)	0.0333 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	0.0086 (8)	0.0070 (8)
O1	0.0488 (9)	0.0704 (11)	0.0460 (9)	0.0119 (8)	0.0065 (8)	0.0002 (9)
O2	0.0555 (10)	0.0324 (8)	0.0556 (10)	-0.0001 (7)	0.0122 (8)	0.0062 (8)
C1	0.0402 (13)	0.0453 (13)	0.0312 (11)	-0.0080 (11)	0.0031 (9)	-0.0036 (10)
C2	0.0435 (14)	0.0476 (14)	0.0373 (12)	-0.0080 (11)	0.0031 (11)	-0.0055 (11)
C3	0.0465 (14)	0.0647 (18)	0.0481 (15)	-0.0092 (12)	0.0131 (12)	-0.0086 (13)
C4	0.0606 (16)	0.0677 (16)	0.0376 (13)	-0.0278 (14)	0.0113 (13)	-0.0028 (14)
C5	0.0592 (16)	0.0480 (13)	0.0337 (12)	-0.0210 (12)	0.0000 (11)	0.0012 (11)
C6	0.082 (2)	0.0661 (18)	0.0405 (14)	-0.0274 (16)	-0.0026 (14)	0.0111 (14)
C7	0.088 (2)	0.0613 (17)	0.0475 (16)	-0.0176 (17)	-0.0151 (15)	0.0187 (14)
C8	0.0687 (18)	0.0642 (18)	0.0584 (17)	-0.0008 (15)	-0.0142 (15)	0.0072 (15)
C9	0.0550 (16)	0.0598 (16)	0.0409 (14)	-0.0032 (14)	-0.0017 (12)	0.0055 (13)
C10	0.0451 (13)	0.0432 (12)	0.0336 (11)	-0.0168 (11)	-0.0001 (10)	-0.0029 (11)
C11	0.0518 (15)	0.0591 (16)	0.0654 (17)	0.0086 (13)	0.0039 (13)	-0.0109 (14)
C12	0.0420 (12)	0.0425 (13)	0.0332 (11)	-0.0010 (10)	0.0029 (10)	0.0005 (11)
C13	0.0348 (11)	0.0361 (12)	0.0350 (12)	0.0067 (9)	-0.0028 (9)	0.0036 (10)
C14	0.0326 (11)	0.0335 (11)	0.0356 (11)	0.0062 (9)	0.0014 (9)	0.0009 (10)
C15	0.0413 (13)	0.0464 (14)	0.0415 (13)	0.0017 (11)	0.0048 (11)	0.0014 (11)
C16	0.0427 (15)	0.0519 (15)	0.0614 (18)	-0.0043 (12)	0.0133 (12)	0.0033 (14)
C17	0.0524 (15)	0.0604 (16)	0.0470 (15)	0.0088 (13)	0.0162 (12)	0.0103 (13)
C18	0.0699 (17)	0.0652 (17)	0.0341 (12)	0.0074 (14)	0.0070 (13)	-0.0037 (12)
C19	0.0527 (15)	0.0457 (13)	0.0428 (13)	-0.0022 (11)	0.0001 (12)	-0.0030 (12)
C20	0.100 (3)	0.114 (3)	0.066 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0454 (18)	0.0203 (19)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

N1—C12	1.280 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—N2	1.394 (2)	C9—C10	1.422 (3)
N2—C13	1.352 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
N2—H2	0.907 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9600
O1—C2	1.378 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9600
O1—C11	1.418 (3)	C11—H11C	0.9600

O2—C13	1.232 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C2	1.384 (3)	C13—C14	1.488 (3)
C1—C10	1.431 (3)	C14—C19	1.387 (3)
C1—C12	1.469 (3)	C14—C15	1.393 (3)
C2—C3	1.411 (3)	C15—C16	1.378 (3)
C3—C4	1.362 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C16—C17	1.376 (4)
C4—C5	1.405 (4)	C16—H16	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C17—C18	1.392 (4)
C5—C6	1.413 (4)	C17—C20	1.515 (4)
C5—C10	1.430 (3)	C18—C19	1.381 (3)
C6—C7	1.358 (4)	C18—H18	0.9300
C6—H6	0.9300	C19—H19	0.9300
C7—C8	1.401 (4)	C20—H20A	0.9600
C7—H7	0.9300	C20—H20B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.364 (3)	C20—H20C	0.9600
C12—N1—N2	115.47 (17)	O1—C11—H11B	109.5
C13—N2—N1	118.57 (17)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C13—N2—H2	124 (3)	O1—C11—H11C	109.5
N1—N2—H2	117 (3)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C2—O1—C11	119.0 (2)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C2—C1—C10	119.2 (2)	N1—C12—C1	120.7 (2)
C2—C1—C12	117.4 (2)	N1—C12—H12	119.7
C10—C1—C12	123.4 (2)	C1—C12—H12	119.7
O1—C2—C1	115.8 (2)	O2—C13—N2	122.5 (2)
O1—C2—C3	122.5 (2)	O2—C13—C14	121.80 (19)
C1—C2—C3	121.6 (2)	N2—C13—C14	115.69 (18)
C4—C3—C2	119.2 (2)	C19—C14—C15	118.19 (19)
C4—C3—H3	120.4	C19—C14—C13	119.75 (19)
C2—C3—H3	120.4	C15—C14—C13	122.04 (19)
C3—C4—C5	122.2 (2)	C16—C15—C14	120.6 (2)
C3—C4—H4	118.9	C16—C15—H15	119.7
C5—C4—H4	118.9	C14—C15—H15	119.7
C4—C5—C6	121.7 (2)	C17—C16—C15	121.6 (2)
C4—C5—C10	118.7 (2)	C17—C16—H16	119.2
C6—C5—C10	119.6 (2)	C15—C16—H16	119.2
C7—C6—C5	121.4 (3)	C16—C17—C18	117.8 (2)
C7—C6—H6	119.3	C16—C17—C20	121.0 (3)
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C18—C17—C20	121.1 (3)
C6—C7—C8	119.5 (3)	C19—C18—C17	121.2 (2)
C6—C7—H7	120.2	C19—C18—H18	119.4
C8—C7—H7	120.2	C17—C18—H18	119.4
C9—C8—C7	120.9 (3)	C18—C19—C14	120.6 (2)
C9—C8—H8	119.6	C18—C19—H19	119.7
C7—C8—H8	119.6	C14—C19—H19	119.7
C8—C9—C10	121.7 (2)	C17—C20—H20A	109.5
C8—C9—H9	119.2	C17—C20—H20B	109.5
C10—C9—H9	119.2	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C9—C10—C5	116.8 (2)	C17—C20—H20C	109.5

supplementary materials

C9—C10—C1	124.2 (2)	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5
C5—C10—C1	119.0 (2)	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
O1—C11—H11A	109.5		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N2—H2 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.91 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.882 (2)	168 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$.

Fig. 1

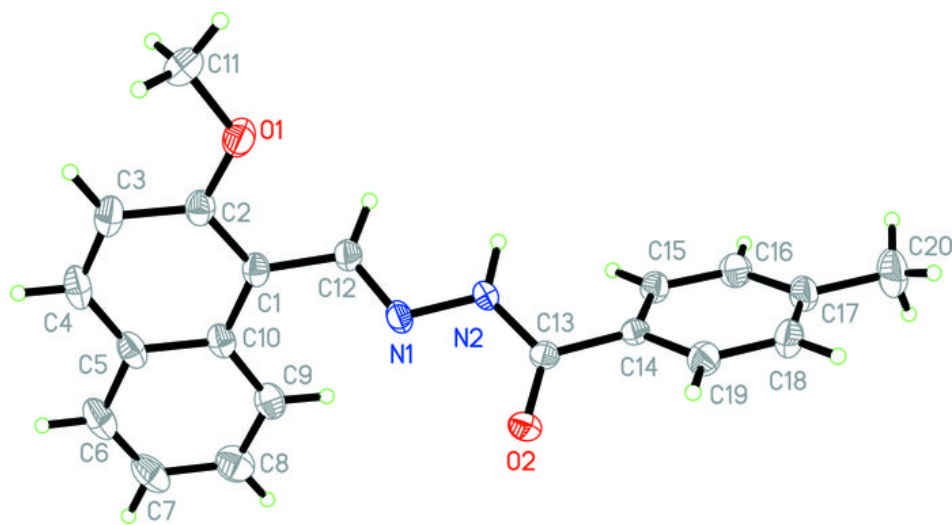


Fig. 2

